

in the determination the other time which is the more regrettable as you say you have already published a note on these species. I have compared with European specimens of *m-nigrum* which are certainly distinct." The former specimens referred to were bred out from hen manure by Dr. Illingworth (See Proc. Haw. Ent. Soc. VI, 224).

*Milichiella circularis* Aldrich.—This fly is apparently a recent arrival in the islands. It was first collected near a large compost heap by Mr. Swezey, Sept. 9, 1926 (See Proc. Haw. Ent. Soc. VI, 378). Later, Dr. Illingworth collected this fly in swarms near a rubbish dump in Manoa Valley. (See same VII, 29.) Dr. Illingworth sent specimens to the U. S. National Museum for determination, June 4, 1928. Dr. Aldrich has decided that this is a new species, and has drawn up a description to be published as soon as possible.

*Holochlora japonica* Brunn. and *Elimaea punctifera* (Walk.)—Mr. Ehrhorn reported the abundance and severe damage done by these two locustids on hibiscus and tender mango leaves. He captured 26 adult *Holochlora* with a net, and out of this number six were females and 20 males. He exhibited egg-masses of *H. japonica* from which parasites (*Anastatus koebeleri* Ashm.) had begun to issue. These egg-masses were found in stems of hibiscus, bougainvillea, avocado, and mango.

*Megachile schauinslandi* Alfken.—Mr. Ehrhorn exhibited a small rubber tube containing a nest of this bee. The cells of the nest were separated by mud partitions. From these cells several adults of this species had issued by cutting exit holes through the rubber tube.

*Adrapta manifestalis* (Walk.)—Mr. Wilder exhibited a specimen of a black moth which was captured by him Oct. 28, 1928, on the glass window of his residence in Honolulu.

*Megachile palmarum* Perkins.—Mr. Swezey exhibited a nest of this bee made from yellow petals, probably of the golden shower tree. It was found Oct. 8th between fastened together leaflets of coconut where there had been caterpillars of the coconut leafroller. From the nest five female bees had issued. A short while previously he had reared five males from a nest in a similar situation but composed of pieces of leaves as usual.

*Hippelates nigricornis* Thomson.—Mr. Bryan reported the abundance of this fly on Oahu breeding in rotting vegetable material. He stated that it had been collected frequently on Oahu from 1906 to date, but apparently had not been recorded. It is recorded from Palmyra Island by Swezey, as *Hippelates* sp. in Proceedings Hawaiian Ent. Soc. III, p. 16, 1914. In the Bishop Museum Bulletin No. 31, p. 70, 1926, it is recorded by Bryan from Ocean Island, Midway Island, Lisiansky Island, and Wake Island.

#### DECEMBER 10, 1928

The 275th regular meeting of the Hawaiian Entomological Society was held at 2:30 p.m. at the H.S.P.A. Experiment Station. President E. H. Bryan, Jr., and other members present were: Messrs. Fullaway, Illingworth, Mason, Rosa, Rust, Swezey, Willard and Williams. Mr. J. M. Blackman, Morton H. Cassidy, Chester E. Frowe and Mrs. G. Cassidy were visitors.

The minutes of the 274th meeting were read and approved.

The treasurer's report for the year ending December 10th was read and approved subject to audit.

The following officers were elected for 1929:

President, O. H. Swezey.  
Vice-President, L. A. Whitney.  
Secretary-Treasurer, H. F. Willard.  
Executive Committee, Dr. J. F. Illingworth, W. M. Giffard.

#### Presidential Address

BY E. H. BRYAN, JR.

#### PAPERS

"On a new Genus, with two new Species of Hawaiian  
Cerambycidae. (Col.)

BY DR. R. C. L. PERKINS.

(Title submitted by O. H. Swezey.)

"Notes on the Egg-parasites of Insects in Hawaii."

BY O. H. SWEZEY